



Type of Notices	Scope	What it means for suppliers
Pipeline Notice -UK1 (M)	<p>Applicable to contracting authorities with a min of £100M per year, for contracts that are £2M and above.</p> <p>The notice must be published for procurement to be carried out in the next 18months from October 2024 and 12 monthly afterwards</p>	<p>Suppliers can see upfront details of procurement for contracting authorities and plan ahead to participate in competitions once live.</p> <p>Proactive involvement of suppliers in tendering activities.</p>
Preliminary Market Engagement Notice- UK 2-(M)	<p>Engagement with the market before actual procurement. It is mandatory to publish notice if anticipated. Explain in tender notice if not.</p>	<p>Gives suppliers opportunity for robust engagement to understand contracting authority's requirements and priorities.</p>
Planned Procurement Notice- UK3 (N)	<p>Similar to PIN in that it is used to inform the market of intention to conduct a procurement exercise. Qualifying Planned Procurement Notice must have been published at least 40 days before Tender notice and not longer than 12 months prior to reduce tendering timeline.</p> <p>Change- This notice may not be used for call for competition in the way that was permitted for sub central authorities using PIN.</p>	<p>Provides early information to bidders for proactive engagement with contracting authorities.</p>
Tender Notice – UK4 (M)	<p>Opportunity notice – includes notices for Open/ competitive flexible procedure/ establishing framework, awarding a contract under dynamic market & below threshold notices</p>	<p>This is a formal notice detailing opportunities and includes tender packs (ITT, specification, Terms of Contract, pricing schedules etc)</p>
Transparency Notice- UK5(M)	<p>Applies in case of emergency, where competition is not realistic and MUST be published when a contracting authority is thinking of awarding a contract without competition.</p>	<p>Gives the supply chain the opportunity to review justifications for the intention of the Contracting authority to direct award a contract. Example of such awards occurred during an unexpected /emergency situation such as COVID - 19.</p>
Contract Award Notice- UK 6(M)	<p>Notice to inform the public of the outcome of a procurement competition (open / competitive flexible procedure) and to start the standstill period (8 working days)</p>	<p>Keeping the supply chain informed of the outcome of a tender process, who won and why</p>
Contract details notice - UK7(M)-	<p>For all contracts. Publication of redacted agreement for contracts that are £5Million and above is also mandatory as part of this notice. Regulated below threshold</p>	<p>Provides commercial intelligence for the completed procurement.</p>

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	And those contracts award through direct award (UK5)	
<p>Other notices, including three upcoming ones that will be phased as the Act is enforced in October 2024:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❖ Contract payment notice (UK8)- quarterly publication of notice of payment for contracts with spend of £30k and above ❖ Contract performance notice (UK 9) – publish KPI scores for contracts above £5M annually and update within 30days of supplier poor performance / breach of contract. ❖ Contracts change notice -UK10(M) – must be published prior to a qualifying modification ❖ Contract Termination Notice -UK 11(M)- to be published when a contract ends ❖ Procurement Termination Notice -UK 12(M)- to be published when a procurement is discontinued/ terminated. ❖ Dynamic Market Notices-UK13-UK 16(M)- published before establishing a dynamic market, after establishing a dynamic market, or when a dynamic market is amended or terminated. ❖ Payment compliance notice (UK17)- adherence to min payment term of 30days 		